

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for ejecting droplets comprising:  
a plurality of nozzles through which droplets are ejected;  
a plurality of liquid containing chambers each connected at one longitudinal end thereof with a corresponding nozzle;  
an actuator that changes a volume of each of the liquid containing chambers; and  
an actuator controller that controls driving of the actuator,  
wherein:  
the actuator controller applies, in accordance with a one-dot printing instruction, to the actuator an ejection pulse signal that increases the volume of the liquid containing chamber to cause ejection of a droplet, and subsequently only one ~~an~~ additional pulse signal that increases the volume of the liquid containing chamber to pull back a part of the droplet about to be ejected; and  
a pulse width of the ejection pulse signal is  $A$  times a time  $T$  required for a pressure wave to propagate in one way longitudinally through the liquid containing chamber, where  $A$  is a positive constant less than 1.
2. (Currently Amended) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein a time interval between a completion of an application of the ejection pulse signal and a start of an application of the additional pulse signal is  $B$  times the time  $T$ , where  $B$  is a positive constant; and a total value of the constants  $A$  and  $B$  is ~~1.1 to 1.5~~ 1.25 to 1.38.
3. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 2, wherein a pulse width of the additional pulse signal is  $C$  times the time  $T$ , where  $C$  is a constant within 0.4 to 0.5.
4. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the time  $T$  is 5  $\mu$ sec or less.
5. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein each of the liquid containing chambers includes a pressure chamber connected at one longitudinal end thereof with a corresponding nozzle and at the other end thereof with an ink supply source, a volume of the pressure chamber being changed by the actuator, and

wherein the liquid containing chamber is a space from an end portion of the ink supply source on the pressure chamber side, through the pressure chamber, to the nozzle.

6. (Original) The apparatus according to claim 1; wherein the actuator controller stores plural waveform patterns of pulse signals being applied to the actuator in accordance with a volume of a droplet to be ejected upon a one-dot printing instruction, selects any one of the plural waveform patterns in accordance with a gradation value of each pixel included in image data, and, upon selection of a waveform pattern for a minute droplet out of the plural waveform patterns, applies the ejection pulse signal and subsequently the additional pulse signal to the actuator.

7. (Currently Amended) An actuator control device used in an apparatus for ejecting droplets, the apparatus comprising a plurality of nozzles through which droplets are ejected, a plurality of liquid containing chambers each connected at one longitudinal end thereof with a corresponding nozzle, and an actuator that changes a volume of each of the liquid containing chambers,

the actuator control device applying, in accordance with a one-dot printing instruction, to the actuator an ejection pulse signal that increases the volume of the liquid containing chamber to cause ejection of a droplet, and subsequently only one an additional pulse signal that increases the volume of the liquid containing chamber to pull back a part of the droplet about to be ejected; and

a pulse width of the ejection pulse signal being  $A$  times a time  $T$  required for a pressure wave to propagate in one way longitudinally through the liquid containing chamber, where  $A$  is a positive constant less than 1.

8. (Currently Amended) The actuator control device according to claim 7, wherein a time interval between a completion of an application of the ejection pulse signal and a start of an application of the additional pulse signal is  $B$  times the time  $T$ , where  $B$  is a positive constant; and a total value of the constants  $A$  and  $B$  is ~~1.1 to 1.5~~ 1.15 to 1.38.

9. (Original) The actuator control device according to claim 8, wherein a pulse width of the additional pulse signal is  $C$  times the time  $T$ , where  $C$  is a constant within 0.4 to 0.5.

10. (Original) The actuator control device according to claim 7, wherein the time T is 5  $\mu$ sec or less.

11. (Original) The actuator control device according to claim 7, wherein each of the liquid containing chambers includes a pressure chamber connected at one longitudinal end thereof with a corresponding nozzle and at the other end thereof with an ink supply source, a volume of the pressure chamber being changed by the actuator, and

wherein the liquid containing chamber is a space from an end portion of the ink supply source on the pressure chamber side, through the pressure chamber, to the nozzle.

12. (Original) The actuator control device according to claim 7; wherein the device stores plural waveform patterns of pulse signals being applied to the actuator in accordance with a volume of a droplet to be ejected upon a one-dot printing instruction, selects any one of the plural waveform patterns in accordance with a gradation value of each pixel included in image data, and, upon selection of a waveform pattern for a minute droplet out of the plural waveform patterns, applies the ejection pulse signal and subsequently the additional pulse signal to the actuator.

13. (Currently Amended) An actuator control device comprising:  
a print data memory that stores a gradation value of each pixel included in image data;  
a waveform memory that stores plural waveform patterns of pulse signals that correspond to different volumes of a droplet to be ejected upon a one-dot printing instruction;  
a droplet volume determining portion that determines, with respect to each pixel, a volume of a droplet to be ejected from a nozzle, on the basis of the gradation value stored in the print data memory; and

a pulse generator that generates a pulse signal to be applied to an actuator that changes a volume of a liquid containing chamber on the basis of any one of the plural waveform patterns corresponding to the volume of a droplet determined by the droplet volume determining portion,

wherein one of the plural waveform patterns stored in the waveform memory includes:

an ejection pulse signal that increases the volume of the liquid containing chamber to cause ejection of a droplet and has a pulse width of A times a time T required for a pressure

wave to propagate in one way longitudinally through the liquid containing chamber, where  $A$  is a positive constant less than 1; and

only one ~~an~~ additional pulse signal to be applied following the ejection pulse, the additional pulse signal increasing the volume of the liquid containing chamber to pull back a part of the droplet about to be ejected.

14. (Original) The actuator control device according to claim 13, wherein the pulse generator generates, when a smallest volume of a droplet is determined by the droplet volume determining portion, the ejection pulse signal and the additional pulse signal on the basis of one of the waveform patterns corresponding to the smallest volume.

15. (Currently Amended) A method for controlling an actuator in an apparatus for ejecting droplets, the apparatus comprising a plurality of nozzles through which droplets are ejected, a plurality of liquid containing chambers each connected at one longitudinal end thereof with a corresponding nozzle, and an actuator that changes a volume of each of the liquid containing chambers,

the method comprising, with respect to a one-dot printing instruction, the steps of:

applying to the actuator an ejection pulse signal having a pulse width of  $A$  times a time  $T$  required for a pressure wave to propagate in one way longitudinally through the liquid containing chamber, where  $A$  is a positive constant less than 1, the ejection pulse signal increasing the volume of the liquid containing chamber to cause ejection of a droplet; and

applying to the actuator only one ~~an~~ additional pulse signal after the application of the ejection pulse signal, the additional pulse increasing the volume of the liquid containing chamber to pull back a part of the droplet about to be ejected.

16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 15, wherein a time interval between a completion of an application of the ejection pulse signal and a start of an application of the additional pulse signal is  $B$  times the time  $T$ , where  $B$  is a positive constant; and a total value of the constants  $A$  and  $B$  is 1.15 to 1.38 ~~1.1 to 1.5~~.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein a pulse width of the additional pulse signal is  $C$  times the time  $T$ , where  $C$  is a constant within 0.4 to 0.5.

18. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the time T is 5  $\mu$ sec or less.

19. (New) The apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the total value of the constants A and B is 1.21 to 1.33.

20. (New) The apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the actuator has a face confronting the plurality of liquid containing chambers, and changes a volume of each of the liquid containing chambers by changing its state between a state where the face confronting the plurality of liquid containing chambers is flat and a state where the face confronting the plurality of liquid containing chambers is bent; and

the nozzle is formed in such a manner that an ink droplet can be ejected through the nozzle in a direction parallel to a direction in which the face of the actuator confronting the liquid containing chambers is bent when the actuator controller applies the ejection pulse signal to the actuator.

21. (New) The apparatus according to claim 20, wherein the pressure chambers extend along a direction perpendicular to the direction in which an ink droplet is ejected through the nozzle.

22. (New) The apparatus according to claim 21, wherein the ink supply source extends such that the pressure chambers can be sandwiched between the ink supply source and the actuator.

23. (New) the apparatus according to claim 20, wherein the face of the actuator controlling the fluid containing chambers include only one of inner walls that define the pressure chamber.

24. (New) The apparatus according to claim 20, wherein the plurality of liquid containing chambers are uniformly arranged along a direction perpendicular to the direction in which an ink droplet is ejected through the nozzle; and

The actuator extends over the plurality of liquid containing chambers along the direction in which the plurality of liquid containing chambers are arranged.

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25. (New) The apparatus according to claim 24, wherein the chamber is formed of a piezoelectric actuator having a plurality of laminated piezoelectric layers.

26. (New) The actuator control device according to claim 8, wherein the total value of the constants A and B is 1.21 to 1.33.

27. (New) The method according to claim 16, wherein the total value of the constants A and B is 1.21 to 1.33.